

July 18, 2016

Hon. Director Cordray Consumer Financial Protection Bureau 1700 G Street, NW Washington, DC 20552

Re: Isles Inc. comments on proposed rulemaking on payday, vehicle title, and certain high-cost installment loans

Docket number CFPB-2016-0025 or RIN 3170-AA40

Dear Director Cordray:

Isles Inc. files this comment in response to CFPB's proposed rule on payday, vehicle title, and certain high cost installment loans. Thank you for the opportunity to submit comments.

Founded in 1981, Isles is a community development and environmental organization based in Trenton, New Jersey. With a mission to foster self-reliant families and healthy, sustainable communities, we design and develop effective services that support this mission and share what we learn with others who can make a difference. Isles revitalizes communities by developing green homes, parks, and community agriculture; trains and educates through a vocational school and job training center; builds wealth through innovative financial services that help restore credit and increase savings; and promotes green, healthy living by tackling environmental hazards, fostering energy efficiency, and promoting healthy lifestyles.

As a 35 year old Community Development Organization, we are deeply aware of how high cost loans affect our families and our community. We are deeply concerned about any rules that would allow lenders to take advantage of people with limited resources. Weaknesses in your proposed rule sanction dangerous loan products and will not stop the debt trap. The rule must be strengthened to ensure that a weak rule does not undermine the strong combination of laws that has long been enacted in New Jersey.

With strong interest rate cap in New Jersey, people in our state should be protected from the harms of the typical 300% APR payday and car title loans. Our state has clearly taken the stand that a strong, enforceable rate cap is sound public policy and the best way to end the payday loan debt trap.

We ask that CFPB's final rule build on, rather than undermine, our strong state protections and strengthen our ability to enforce our state law against lenders making illegal loans. We ask the CFPB to reaffirm the importance

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Isles, Inc. 10 Wood Street Trenton, NJ 08618 tel: 609-341-4700 fax: 609-393-9513 www.isles.org of state rate caps and declare that loans made in violation of our state laws are unfair, deceptive and abusive, which would give us additional enforcement tools.

Our experiences demonstrate that people are better off without these harmful, high-cost and unaffordable payday loans. We see every day that people have other options besides falling into the payday lenders' debt trap. Annually, our citizens save \$346,587,204 that would otherwise be spent on fees to float unaffordable payday and car title loan debt. The savings from our rate cap benefit not only individual people and communities but the state economy as a whole.

While the CFPB's rule will be critical in states that have yet to pass a rate cap, a rate cap has been the most effective protection from predatory lending practices. While we will continue to protect the rate limits in our state, we call on the CFPB to issue a rule without exceptions and without loopholes.

Our state has clearly taken the stand that a strong, enforceable rate cap is sound public policy and the best way to end the payday loan debt trap. We ask that CFPB's final rule build on, rather than undermine, our strong state protections and strengthen our ability to enforce our state law against lenders making illegal loans. We ask the CFPB to reaffirm the importance of state rate caps and declare that loans made in violation of our state laws are unfair, deceptive and abusive, which would give us additional enforcement tools. Our experiences demonstrate that people are better off without these harmful, high-cost and unaffordable payday loans. We see every day that people have other options besides falling into the payday lenders' debt trap. Annually, our citizens save \$346,587,204 that would otherwise be spent on fees to float unaffordable payday and car title loan debt. The savings from our rate cap benefit not only individual people and communities but the state economy as a whole.

While the CFPB's rule will be critical in states that have yet to pass a rate cap, a rate cap has been the most effective protection from predatory lending practices. While we will continue to protect the rate limits in our state, we call on the CFPB to issue a rule without exceptions and without loopholes. We also call on the Bureau to declare that loans made in violation of our state laws are unfair, deceptive, and abusive.

Although not as strong as our state interest rate cap, which we understand the CFPB lacks the authority to establish, the core principle of the CFPB's proposal is the right approach – requiring lenders to simply ensure that a loan is affordable without having to re-borrow or default on other expenses. In light of the CFPB's inability to set a rate cap, a strong ability-to-repay test is critically important. This basic principle though must be applied to every loan – with no exceptions and no room for future evasion. As currently written, the proposed rule contains dangerous loopholes to this standard. For example, the proposal allows six 300% APR payday loans a year to be made without any ability-to-repay determination. This is six unaffordable loans too many. In addition, the rule exempts longer-term payday loans with high origination fees from its proposed ability-to-repay test. These loopholes must be closed.

We are also concerned that the proposed rule does not go far enough to stop borrowers from flipping one unaffordable loan to the next. The CFPB should do more to ensure that short-term debt does not become unaffordable long-term debt. It should ensure a sixty day cooling off period, rather than just thirty days as proposed, between each short-term loan. It should also ensure that short-term loan indebtedness doesn't exceed a total of ninety days every twelve months, consistent with FDIC 2005 guidelines for its banks. In addition, it is critically important to strengthen the protections against repeat refinancing of longer-term loans. If lenders can repeatedly flip borrowers from one long-term loan into another, debt will continue to pile up with borrowers will once again be stuck in a debt trap.

Finally, the rule must be strengthened to ensure that people have enough money to live on after paying back the loan. Right now, the proposal falls short in this regard and may allow lenders to simply continue "business as usual." Lenders should be required to use an objective measure for projecting a borrower's basic living expenses and avoid overreliance on back-end measures like default and re-borrowing rates. Even low default rates are not sufficient evidence of ability to repay, given the lender's ability to coerce repayment through control over the borrower's bank account or car title. At the same time, the Bureau should take care not to sanction industry-wide high rates of defaults and reborrowing by comparing one payday lender's default rates only to other payday lenders' default rates.

We are thankful that one loophole has already been closed – an exemption from the proposed ability to repay test, included in the Bureau's preliminary outline, if loan payments are less than 5% of a borrower's monthly income. Examining income only is not enough to determine if a loan is affordable. We call on the CFPB to close the remaining loopholes and issue the strongest rule possible to stop the harmful debt trap of unaffordable payday loans.

For the CFPB rule to help us to continue to protect New Jersey consumers, the CFPB must not undermine our state's rate cap that effectively protects against payday and car title loan abuses. We are concerned that the weaknesses in the proposed rule may be seen sanctioning a high-cost lending product that is not legal in New Jersey.

Families in our state are better off without these high-cost, unaffordable loans. The CFPB must enact a strong rule, without loopholes, and declare the loans made in violation of our state law unfair, deceptive, and abusive.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment. For further clarification on these comments, please contact Peter W. Rose, Managing Director, 609.341.4731 or prose@isles.org

Sincerely,

Peter W. Rose, Managing Director

Isles, Inc.